scope of a joint research agreement, must:

- (1) Comply with the provisions of paragraphs (b)(2) through (b)(4) of this section;
- (2) Be signed in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of this section if filed in a patent application or be signed in accordance with paragraph (a)(1) of this section if filed in a reexamination proceeding;
- (3) Be signed by the patentee or by the applicant, or an attorney or agent of record, of the disqualified patent or application; and
- (4) Include a provision that the owner of the rejected application or patent and the owner of the disqualified patent or application each:
- (i) Waive the right to separately enforce and the right to separately license the rejected application or patent and the disqualified patent or application;
- (ii) Agree that the rejected application or patent and the disqualified patent or application shall be enforceable only for and during such period that the rejected patent or application and the disqualified patent or application are not separately enforced and are not separately licensed; and
- (iii) Agree that such waiver and agreement shall be binding upon the owner of the rejected application or patent, its successors, or assigns, and the owner of the disqualified patent or application, its successors, or assigns.

[58 FR 54510, Oct. 22, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 42807, Aug. 19, 1996; 70 FR 1824, Jan. 11, 2005]

CORRECTION OF ERRORS IN PATENT

## § 1.322 Certificate of correction of Office mistake.

- (a)(1) The Director may issue a certificate of correction pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 254 to correct a mistake in a patent, incurred through the fault of the Office, which mistake is clearly disclosed in the records of the Office:
- (i) At the request of the patentee or the patentee's assignee;
- (ii) Acting *sua sponte* for mistakes that the Office discovers; or
- (iii) Acting on information about a mistake supplied by a third party.

- (2)(i) There is no obligation on the Office to act on or respond to a submission of information or request to issue a certificate of correction by a third party under paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section.
- (ii) Papers submitted by a third party under this section will not be made of record in the file that they relate to nor be retained by the Office.
- (3) If the request relates to a patent involved in an interference, the request must comply with the requirements of this section and be accompanied by a motion under §41.121(a)(2) or §41.121(a)(3) of this title.
- (4) The Office will not issue a certificate of correction under this section without first notifying the patentee (including any assignee of record) at the correspondence address of record as specified in §1.33(a) and affording the patentee or an assignee an opportunity to be heard.
- (b) If the nature of the mistake on the part of the Office is such that a certificate of correction is deemed inappropriate in form, the Director may issue a corrected patent in lieu thereof as a more appropriate form for certificate of correction, without expense to the patentee.

(35 U.S.C. 254)

[24 FR 10332, Dec. 22, 1959, as amended at 49 FR 48454, Dec. 12, 1984; 65 FR 54677, Sept. 8, 2000; 69 FR 50001, Aug. 12, 2004]

## §1.323 Certificate of correction of applicant's mistake.

The Office may issue a certificate of correction under the conditions specified in 35 U.S.C. 255 at the request of the patentee or the patentee's assignee, upon payment of the fee set forth in §1.20(a). If the request relates to a patent involved in an interference, the request must comply with the requirements of this section and be accompanied by a motion under §41.121(a)(2) or §41.121(a)(3) of this title.

[69 FR 50001, Aug. 12, 2004]

## § 1.324 Correction of inventorship in patent, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 256.

(a) Whenever through error a person is named in an issued patent as the inventor, or through error an inventor is not named in an issued patent and such